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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/665,460	09/19/2003	Georges Freyssinet	A335992-PCT-USA-A(072667	. 6831
BAKER & BOT 30 ROCKEFEL		•	EXAM!	
44TH FLOOR NEW YORK, N			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
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SHORTENED STATUTORY 3 MON		02/26/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/665,460	FREYSSINET ET	FREYSSINET ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	B. Dell Chism	1654				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence ad	ldress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNION (B6(a). In no event, however, may a reviil apply and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become AB	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this control (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 No	ovember 2006	•	•			
· ·	action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	•	•				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	vii iroiti çoriolaciation.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
о) <u> </u>		·	·			
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ice. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	•			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	on is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	FR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PT	O-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	-		•			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☒ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori	ity documents have been	received in this National	Stage			
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not	received.				
•						
A44						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Intention: S	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	. ——	s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of In 6) Other:	nformal Patent Application				

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1-11, and species of SEQ ID NO: 4 in the reply filed on May 1, 2006 and November 28, 2006 is acknowledged. The traversal of the inventive Groupings of the Restriction/Election requirement are rendered moot by the cancellation of claims drawn to Inventive Groups II-V. Applicants have traversed the species requirement based on the fact that SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4 6 and 8 differ by only one amino acid at residue 164 of SEQ ID NO: 2. This is not found persuasive because the difference would require additional searches for different sequences that would not necessarily be inclusive of the searches for the other species. This would create a search burden on the examiner.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 3. Claims 1-8 and 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Vas-Cath Inc. V. Mahurka, 19 USPQ2d 1111, states that applicant must convey with reasonable clarity to those skilled in the art that, as of the filing date sought, he or she was in

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possession of the invention. The invention, for purposes of the written description inquiry, is whatever is now claimed (see page 1117).

A review of the language of the claims indicates that these claims are drawn to a genus, i.e., the genus of modified Cry protein retaining insecticidal activity. A description of a genus may be achieved by means of a recitation of a representative number of species falling within the scope of the genus or of a recitation of structural features common to the members of the genus, which features constitute a substantial portion of the genus. *Regents of the University of California v. Eli Lilly & Co.*, 119 F3d 1559, 1569, 43 USPQ2d 1398, 1406 (Fed. Cir. 1997). In *Regents of the University of California v. Eli Lilly* (43 USPQ2d 1398-1412), the court held that a generic statement which defines a genus of nucleic acids by only their functional activity does not provide an adequate written description of the genus. The court indicated that, while applicants are not required to disclose every species encompassed by a genus, the description of the genus is achieved by the recitation of a representative number of species falling within the scope of the claimed genus. At section B(1), the court states "An adequate written description of a DNA ... requires a precise definition, such as by structure, formula, chemical name, or physical properties, not a mere wish or plan for obtaining the claimed chemical invention".

The specification goes to great length at describing "possible" modifications to Cry proteins, and the specification discusses methods of analyzing "possible" modified Cry protein; however, the Specification is deficient in establishing a common recurring theme for modifications that would present possession of the broad genus of possible modifications. The modifications and results of such modifications are vast, and varying greatly with regards to locations, amounts of modifications and the ultimate efficacy of said modifications if any or if

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opposite to what is claimed for the broad genus. The size of the Cry proteins is great and offers the possibility of many modifications that the Specification does not place in the possession of the Applicant. The disclosure of possibilities of modifications does not provide an adequate written description of a genus when the species disclosed are not representative of the vast genus. Consequently, the present claims encompass numerous species that are not further described. There is substantial variability among the species.

One of skill in the art would not recognize from the disclosure that the applicant was in possession of the genus of polypeptides that comprises all modified Cry proteins retaining insecticidal activity. The specification does not "clearly allow persons of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that [he or she] invented what is claimed" (see *Vas-Cath* at page 1116).

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*,

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86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 4 recites the broad recitation "wherein the corresponding unmodified Cry protein is a Cry9 protein", and the claim also recites "...and further is a Cry9C protein" which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 7. Claims 1, 3-4 and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by WO 99/00407 ('407). The '407 reference teaches Cry9C modified proteins comprising additional pepsin cleavage substitutions at position 164, for example lysine (page 18) and alanine (page 19). These are taught to be more stable than the wild-type Cry9C while retaining insecticidal toxicity.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any

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evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

10. Claims 1-8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WO 99/00407 ('407). The '407 reference teaches modifying Cry9C proteins at position 164 of the wild-type wherein the modification increases stability while retaining insecticidal toxicity. It would have been obvious to on ordinary skill in the art to substitute other hydrophobic amino acids into position 164 other than lysine and alanine because one of ordinary skill in the art would readily recognize that pepsin acts on the hydrophobic amino acids as in the '407 reference.

Specification

11. The disclosure is objected to because it contains an embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. Applicant is required to delete the embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. See MPEP § 608.01. See pages 57 and 58 for examples.

Priority

12. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority based on an application filed in France on March 19, 2001. It is noted, however, that applicant has not filed a certified copy of the 01/03691 application as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b). Additionally, there are no copies of the PCT/FR02/00772 found in the application.

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Conclusion

13. No claims are allowed. SEQ ID NO: 4 is free of the prior art, and the search was extended to other species, whereby prior art rejections were applied *supra*.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to B. Dell Chism, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0962. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 08:30 AM - 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cecilia Tsang can be reached on (571) 272-0562.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

B. Dell Chism
Primary Patent Examiner
Technology Center 1600